## FISHERIES: CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND

Protocols signed at Washington February 15, 1888 Entered into force February 15, 1888 Expired February 15, 1890

I Malloy 738; Treaty Series 138-2

## British Protocol

The Treaty having been signed <sup>1</sup> the British Plenipotentiaries desire to state that they have been considering the position which will be created by the immediate commencement of the fishing season before the Treaty can possibly be ratified by the Senate of the United States, by the Parliament of Canada, and the Legislature of Newfoundland.

In the absence of such ratification the old conditions which have given rise to so much friction and irritation might be revived, and might interfere with the unprejudiced consideration of the Treaty by the legislative bodies concerned.

Under these circumstances, and with the futher object of affording evidence of their anxious desire to promote good feeling and to remove all possible subjects of controversy, the British Plenipotentiaries are ready to make the following temporary arrangements for a period not exceeding two years, in order to afford a "modus vivendi" pending the ratification of the Treaty.

1. For a period not exceeding two years from the present date, the privilege of entering the bays and harbors of the Atlantic coasts of Canada and of Newfoundland shall be granted to United States fishing vessels by annual Licenses at a fee of  $$1\frac{1}{2}$  per ton—for the following purposes:

The purchase of bait, ice, seines, lines, and all other supplies and outfits. Transshipment of catch and shipping of crews.

- 2. If during the continuance of this arrangement, the United States should remove the duties on fish, fish oil, whale and seal oil (and their coverings, packages, &c.,) the said licenses shall be issued free of charge.
- 3. United States fishing vessels entering the bays and harbors of the Atlantic coasts of Canada or of Newfoundland for any of the four purposes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>A treaty (S. Conf. Ex. M, 50th Cong., 1st sess.) concerning interpretation of art. I of convention of Oct. 20, 1818 (TS 112, ante, p. 57), was signed at Washington Feb. 15, 1888, approved by Canada May 4, 1888, and by Newfoundland May 9, 1888, but rejected by the Senate Aug. 21, 1888.

mentioned in Article I. of the Convention of October 20, 1818, and not remaining therein more than twenty-four hours, shall not be required to enter or clear at the custom-house, providing that they do not communicate with the shore.

- 4. Forfeiture to be exacted only for the offences of fishing or preparing to fish in territorial waters.
- 5. This arrangement to take effect as soon as the necessary measures can be completed by the Colonial Authorities.

Washington, February 15th, 1888.

J. CHAMBERLAIN
L. S. SACKVILLE WEST
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## UNITED STATES PROTOCOL

The American Plenipotentiaries having received the communication of the British Plenipotentiaries of this date conveying their plan for the administration to be observed by the Governments of Canada and Newfoundland in respect of the Fisheries during the period which may be requisite for the consideration by the Senate of the Treaty this day signed, and the enactment of the legislation by the respective Governments therein proposed, desire to express their satisfaction with this manifestation of an intention on the part of the British Plenipotentiaries, by the means referred to, to maintain the relations of good neighborhood between the British Possessions in North America and the United States; and they will convey the communication of the British Plenipotentiaries to the President of the United States, with a recommendation that the same may be by him made known to the Senate for its information, together with the Treaty, when the latter is submitted to that body for ratification.

Washington, February 15, 1888.

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